1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 5 14-8.03 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/14-8.03) (from Ch. 122, par. 14-8.03)
- 7 Sec. 14-8.03. Transition services.
- 8 (a) For purposes of this Section:
- 9 "Independent living skills" may include, without
- 10 limitation, personal hygiene, health care, fitness, food
- 11 preparation and nutrition, home management and safety,
- dressing and clothing care, financial management and wellness,
- 13 self-esteem, self-advocacy, self-determination, community
- 14 <u>living, housing options, public safety, leisure and</u>
- 15 <u>recreation</u>, and transportation.
- 16 <u>"Transition</u> "transition services" means a coordinated set
- of activities for a child with a disability that (i) is
- designed to be within a results-oriented process that is
- 19 focused on improving the academic and functional achievement
- of the child with a disability to facilitate the child's
- 21 movement from school to post-school activities, including
- 22 post-secondary education, which may include for-credit
- 23 courses, career and technical education, and non-credit

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courses and instruction, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation; (ii) is based on the individual child's needs, taking into account the child's strengths, preferences, and interests; and (iii) includes instruction, related services, community experiences, the development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and, if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills, benefits counseling and planning, work incentives education, and the provision of a functional vocational evaluation. Transition services for a child with a disability may be special education, if provided as specially designed instruction, or a related service if required to assist a child with a disability to benefit from special education.

(a-5) Beginning no later than the first individualized education plan (IEP) in effect when the student turns age 14 1/2 (or younger if determined appropriate by the IEP Team) and updated annually thereafter, the IEP must include (i) measurable post-secondary goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments and other information available regarding the student that are related to training, education, employment, and independent living skills and (ii) transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals, including courses of study.

As a component of transition planning, the school district

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- shall provide the student with information about the school 1 2 district's career and technical education (CTE) opportunities. 3 The CTE information shall include a list of programming options, the scope and sequence of study for pursuing those 4 5 options, and the locations of those options. A student in high school with an IEP may enroll in the school district's CTE 6 program at any time if participation in a CTE program is 7 8 consistent with the student's transition goals.
 - (b) Transition planning must be conducted as part of the IEP process and must be governed by the procedures applicable to the development, review, and revision of the IEP, including notices to the parents and student, parent and student participation, and annual review. To appropriately assess and develop IEP transition goals and transition services for a child with a disability, additional participants may be necessary and may be invited by the school district, parent, or student to participate in the transition planning process. Additional participants may include without limitation a representative from the Department of Human Services or another State agency, a case coordinator, or representing other public or community agencies or services, adult service providers, disability services such as coordinators of or public community colleges, and a CTE coordinator. The IEP shall identify each person responsible for coordinating and delivering transition services. If the IEP team determines that the student requires transition

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services from a public or private entity outside of the school district, the IEP team shall identify potential outside resources, assign one or more IEP team members to contact the appropriate outside entities, make the necessary referrals, provide any information and documents necessary to complete the referral, follow up with the entity to ensure that the student has been successfully linked to the entity, and monitor the student's progress to determine if the student's IEP transition goals and benchmarks are being met. student's IEP shall indicate one or more specific time periods during the school year when the IEP team shall review the services provided by the outside entity and the student's such activities. The public progress in school's responsibility for delivering educational services does not extend beyond the time the student leaves school or when the student's eligibility ends due to age under this Article.

(c) A school district shall submit annually a summary of each eligible student's IEP transition goals and transition services resulting from the IEP Team meeting to appropriate local Transition Planning Committee. If students with disabilities who are ineligible for special education services request transition services, local public school districts shall assist those students by identifying post-secondary school goals, delivering appropriate education services, and coordinating with other agencies and services for assistance.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 98-517, eff. 8-22-13.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.